

Name _____ Lord Jesus Public School
Roll No _____ Class X Subject – History/Civics

Q1. Name three organs of Indian Government.

Ans. _____

Q2. Name three components of Indian Parliament.

Ans. _____

Q3. Name two other name of Rajya Sabha.

Ans. _____

Q4. Name two other name of Lok Sabha.

Ans. _____

Q5. What is the term of Lok Sabha and how much it can be increased during national emergency?

Ans. _____

Q6. What is the strength of Lok Sabha?

Ans. _____

Q7. What is the strength of Rajya Sabha?

Ans. _____

Q8. How many members President can nominate in Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha and on what bases.

Ans. _____

Q9. How is speaker elected? What is his /her tenure? How long they remained in their office even after the expiry of their term?

Ans. _____

Q10. What is the immediate duty of the speaker of Lok Sabha immediately after he/she elected as the speaker of Lok Sabha?

Ans. _____

Q11. Who is the chair man of Rajya Sabha?

Ans. _____

Q12. Who decides the nature of Bill?

Ans. _____

Q13. Define the term budget mention its types.

Ans. _____

Q14. How long the Rajya Sabha can stay over money Bill?

Ans. _____

Q15. Name the 'sessions of Lok Sabha (mention the time also)

Ans. _____

Q16. What is the gap between the two sessions of Lok Sabha?

Ans. _____

Q17. Who determines the salary of ministers?

Ans. _____

Q18. Who can change the name /boundary of states in India.

Ans. _____

Q19. Name two committees whose head is speaker of Lok Sabha.

Ans. _____

Q20. Who summons the joint session of Parliament and on what grounds?

Ans. _____

Q21. How Lok Sabha is more powerful than Rajya Sabha?

Ans. _____

Q22. Mention one judicial power of parliament.

Ans. _____

Q23. Mention the subjects where Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha have equal say/status.

Ans. _____

Q24. Question Hour _____

Zero Hour _____

Q25. Under which conditions Lok Sabha can be dissolved.

Ans. _____
